

# The Effect of Shiatsu Massage on Underlying Anxiety in Burn Patients

Fatemeh Mohaddes Ardabili<sup>1</sup>, Soybeh Purhajari<sup>1\*</sup>, Tahereh Najafi Ghzeljeh<sup>1</sup>, Hamid Haghani<sup>2</sup>

1. Medical Surgical Group, School of Nursing and Midwifery, Iran University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, Iran;
2. Statistic and Mathematics Department, School of Health Management and Information Sciences, Iran University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, Iran

## ABSTRACT

### BACKGROUND

Burn patients experience high levels of predictable anxiety during dressing changes while anti-anxiety drugs cannot control these anxieties. The nurses can limit the side effects of medications by undertaking complementary therapies. Hand pressure massage was introduced as a technique that can reduce these anxieties. This study aimed to investigate the effect of hand pressure massage using Shiatsu method on underlying anxiety in burn patients.

### METHODS

In an available randomized study, 60 burn patients with underlying pain were enrolled. They were randomly allocated in two groups of hand massage and the control. The anxiety of underlying burn pain before and after the massage was evaluated using Burn Specific Pain Anxiety Scale (BSPAS).

### RESULTS

The difference for anxiety scores in the hand Shiatsu massage group before and after massage were statistically significant, but in the control group was not significant.

### CONCLUSION

Based on our findings, 20 minutes of hand Shiatsu massage in conjunction with analgesic medications can be beneficial to control the anxiety of burn patients.

### KEYWORDS

Anxiety; Burn; Shiatsu massage; Pain

Please cite this paper as:

Mohaddes Ardabili F, Purhajari S, Najafi Ghzeljeh T, Haghani H. The Effect of Shiatsu Massage on Underlying Anxiety in Burn Patients. *World J Plast Surg* 2015;4(1):36-39.

## INTRODUCTION

Burn is still one of the devastating conditions in emergency medicine affecting all age groups and both genders that can lead to physical, psychological and chronic disabilities.<sup>1</sup> During pregnancy, it is an emergency event due to its increasing trend in mortality and morbidity of both mother and infant.<sup>2</sup> Due to undertaken suicides, education seem necessary to decrease this awful event and its physical and emotional complications.<sup>3</sup> Silver sulfadiazine was introduced as the gold standard in topical burn therapy with antibacterial properties,<sup>4</sup> even medicinal plants were

### \*Correspondence Author:

Soybeh Purhajari,  
Medical Surgical Group,  
School of Nursing and Midwifery,  
Iran University of Medical Sciences,  
Tehran, Iran

Tel: +98-9144816681

E-mail: masood.adibhesami@gmail.com

Received: July 1, 2014

Accepted: October 14, 2014

introduced in wound healing of burned injuries.<sup>5-8</sup>

Burn patients always suffer from the anxiety of treatment following burns.<sup>9</sup> They may experience high levels of predictable anxiety during dressing changes, and the anxiety increases after dressing change and over time by treatment measures while the anti-anxiety drugs cannot control it.<sup>10</sup> Restlessness, sadness, loss of appetite, increase of blood pressure, irregular breathing, and palpitations are the most important symptoms of anxiety. These factors in burn patients which their immune system is weak can cause extensive damage. Thus, anxieties of uncontrolled origin can be harmful effecting the health of burn patients.<sup>11</sup>

There is a possibility to reduce the anxiety with various complementary sedative measures.<sup>12</sup> Directly, nurses are in the front line who are practicing these techniques.<sup>13</sup> They can apply complementary therapies to limit the side effects of medications.<sup>14</sup> The relaxation techniques are the most important non-pharmacological methods which are used to control anxiety. Non-pharmacological approaches are affected through the hypothalamus on the parasympathetic nervous system, causing a decrease in the heart rate, blood pressure, metabolism, respiration rate and oxygen consumption.<sup>15</sup> There are many ways to achieve relaxation such as massage therapy as one of the relaxation techniques that can improve relaxation and reduce the anxiety.<sup>16</sup> An appropriate and desirable massage can provide the security and intimacy, also can reduce the anxiety. The massage can improve the communication between the nurse and the patient.<sup>17</sup> Hand massage is one of those that was introduced as a technique that can reduce anxiety.<sup>18</sup> This study aimed to investigate the effect of Shiatsu method of hand pressure massage on underlying anxiety in burn patients.

## MATERIALS AND METHODS

During 2013, in a randomized trial using

available sampling method, 60 burn patients admitted to Shahid Motahhari Hospital in Tehran, Iran with an underlying anxiety were enrolled. The patients were randomly allocated in two groups of hand massage and control. The patients suffered from 10 to 45 percent of burn injuries. Healthy areas were available on the hands for the massage (at least from fingertips to elbow). Massage was performed for 20 minutes (10 minutes for each hand). The anxiety of burn pain before and after the massage was evaluated using Burn Specific Pain Anxiety Scale (BSPAS). The data were analyzed by SPSS software (Version 17, Chicago, IL, USA) using independent t-test. A *p* value less than 0.05 was statistically considered significant.

## RESULTS

The paired t-test findings showed that scores of pain anxiety before and after intervention in the control group was not statistically significant (*P*=0.89). The anxiety scores in the massage group before and after massage were statistically significant (*P*=0.001). The anxiety which was  $83.03 \pm 4.69$  before the intervention reduced immediately after intervention ( $55.02 \pm 7.09$ ) (Table 1, Figures 1 and 2).

## DISCUSSION

Our findings showed that there was a statistically significant difference (*P*=0.001) for underlying anxiety scores before and after hand massage. The anxiety which was  $83.03 \pm 4.69$  before the intervention reduced immediately after intervention ( $55.02 \pm 7.09$ ). So, Shiatsu massage for duration of 20 minutes on the hands could reduce the anxiety of burn patients. In our study, the anxiety scores increased before intervention ( $80.33 \pm 5.79$ ) when compared to after the intervention ( $80.50 \pm 6.75$ ). In the control group, the difference for anxiety (without massage) before and after trial was not statistically significant.

**Table 1: The scores of underlying anxiety before and after intervention, in both groups.**

Groups	Hand massage	Control
Underlying Anxiety	Mean $\pm$ SD	Mean $\pm$ SD
Before massage	4.69 $\pm$ 83.03	5.79 $\pm$ 80.33
After massage	7.09 $\pm$ 55.02	6.75 $\pm$ 80.50
Difference	8.25 $\pm$ 28.03	7.02 -17
Results of T-test	T=17.86, Df=29, P=0.001	T=0.13, DF=29, P=0.89

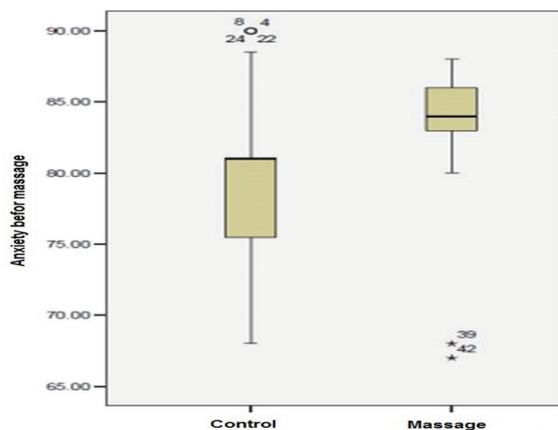


Fig. 1. Anxiety score in the control and massage groups before intervention.

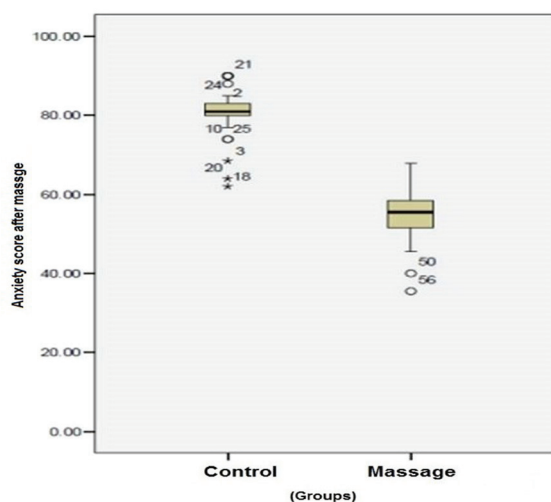


Fig. 2. Anxiety score in the control and massage groups after intervention.

A significant difference ( $P=0.007$ ) was demonstrated for anxiety before and after the pressure massage in patients with a generalizing anxiety disorder.<sup>19</sup> It was shown that hand massage could reduce the anxiety in patients waiting for surgery. They received massage and reported experiencing lower levels of anxiety in comparison to those who received a common care by nurses.<sup>20</sup> The reports revealed that nurses can independently decrease the pain anxiety in burn patients and the subsequent physical and psychological burden by educating them with a simple and inexpensive technique of jaw relaxation.<sup>21</sup> The massage can affect neurotransmitters in the brain, increase the serotonin and dopamine levels that can help in reduction of anxiety. So, the massage can reduce the heart rate, blood pressure, metabolism, respiratory rate and the oxygen consumption.<sup>22</sup>

Also, the hand pressure massage performed by lowering of the muscle strain resulted into the relaxation and reduction of anxiety.<sup>23</sup> Reduction of pain, anxiety, respiratory rate and diastolic blood pressure were previously reported after hand massage.<sup>24,25</sup> We can conclude that based on our findings, 20 minutes of hand massage in conjunction with analgesic medications could control the anxiety of burn patients.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The authors wish to appreciate the Iran University of Medical Sciences for financial support.

## CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The authors declare no conflict of interest.

## REFERENCES

- 1 Mohammadi AA, Amini M, Mehrabani D, Kiani Z, Seddigh A. A survey on 30 months electrical burns in Shiraz University of Medical Sciences Burn Hospital. *Burns* 2008;**34**:111-3.
- 2 Karimi H, Momeni M, Momeni M, Rahbar H. Burn injuries during pregnancy in Iran. *Int J Gynaecol Obstet* 2009;**104**:132-4.
- 3 Pasalar M, Mohammadi AA, Rajaeefard AR, Neghab M, Tolidie HR, Mehrabani D. Epidemiology of burns during pregnancy in southern Iran: Effect on maternal and fetal outcomes. *World Appl Sci J* 2013;**28**:153-8.
- 4 Hosseini SV, Tanideh N, Kohanteb J, Ghodrati Z, Mehrabani D, Yarmohammadi H. Comparison between Alpha and silver sulfadiazine ointments in treatment of Pseudomonas infections in 3rd degree burns. *Int J Surg* 2007;**5**:23-6.
- 5 Amini M, Kherad M, Mehrabani D, Azarpira N, Panjehshahin MR, Tanideh N. Effect of plantago major on burn wound healing in rat. *J Appl Anim Res* 2010;**37**: 53-6.
- 6 Hazrati M, Mehrabani D, Japoni A, Montasery H, Azarpira N, Hamidian-Shirazi AR, Tanideh N. Effect of honey on healing of Pseudomonas aeruginosa infected burn wounds in rat. *J Appl Anim Res* 2010;**37**:106-10.
- 7 Hosseini SV, Niknahad H, Fakhar N, Rezaianzadeh A, Mehrabani D. The healing effect of honey, putty, vitriol and olive oil in Pseudomonas aeruginosa infected burns in

- experimental rat model. *Asian J Anim Vet Adv* 2011;**6**:572-9.
- 8 Tanideh N, Rokhsari P, Mehrabani D, Mohammadi Samani S, Sabet Sarvestani F, Ashraf MJ, Koohi Hosseinabadi O, Shamsian S, Ahmadi N. The healing effect of licorice on *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* infected burn wounds in experimental rat model. *World J Plast Surg* 2014;**3**:1-8.
  - 9 Wakim JH, Smith S, Guinn C. The efficacy of music therapy. *J Perianesth Nurs* 2010;**25**:226-32.
  - 10 Tan X, Yowler CJ, Super DM, Fratianne RB. The efficacy of music therapy protocols for decreasing pain, anxiety, and muscle tension levels during burn dressing changes: A Prospective Randomized Crossover Trial. *J Burn Care Res* 2010;**31**:590-7.
  - 11 Bagheri M, Shorofi SA, Zargar N, Sohrabi N, Gholipour-Baradari A, Khalilian A. *Complement Ther Clin Pract* 2014;**20**:42-7.
  - 12 The effects of foot reflexology massage on anxiety in patients following coronary artery bypass graft surgery: a randomized controlled trial. 12 Smeltzer S. Brunner and Suddarth's textbook of medical surgical nursing. Philadelphia: Wolters Kluwer health Press. 2010; pp. 77-81.
  - 13 de Jong AEI, Middelkoop E, Faber AW, Van Loey NE. Non-pharmacological nursing interventions for procedural pain relief in adults with burns: a systematic literature review. *Burns* 2007;**33**:811-27.
  - 14 Mok E, Woo CP. The effects of slow-stroke back massage on anxiety and shoulder pain in elderly stroke patients. *Complement Ther Nurs Midwifery* 2004;**10**:209-16.
  - 15 Braun MB, Simonson S. Introduction to massage therapy. Baltimore: Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, 2008.
  - 16 Yuan SL, Berssaneti AA, Marques AP. Effects of shiatsu in the management of fibromyalgia symptoms: a controlled pilot study. *J Manipulative Physiol Ther* 2013;**36**:436-43.
  - 17 Guterl CC, See EY, Blanquer SB, Pandit A, Ferguson SJ, Benneker LM, Grijsma DW, Sakai D, Eglin D, Alini M, Iatridis JC, Grad S. Challenges and strategies in the repair of ruptured annulus fibrosus. *Eur Cell Mater* 2013;**25**:1-21.
  - 18 Billhult A, Määttä S. Light pressure massage for patients with severe anxiety. *Complement Ther Clin Pract* 2009;**15**:96-101.
  - 19 Rafii F, Mohammadi-Fakhar F, Jamshidi Orak R. Effectiveness of jaw relaxation for burn dressing pain: randomized clinical trial. *Pain Manag Nurs* 2014 Apr 23. [Epub ahead of print]
  - 20 Zelantini D, Sren E. Immunological effect of massage therapy during academic stress. *Psychosomatic Med* 2005;**2**:83-84.
  - 21 Murray PR, Rosenthal KS, Kobayashi GS, Pfaller MA. Medical Microbiology. 4th. ed. Philadelphia: Mosby Press, 2002; pp. 78- 81.
  - 22 Degirmen N, Ozerdogan N, Sayiner D, Kosgeroglu N, Ayranci U. Effectiveness of foot and hand massage in postcesarean pain control in a group of Turkish pregnant women. *Appl Nurs Res* 2010;**23**:153-8.
  - 23 Espinosa AN, Mancarella P. Probabilistic modeling and assessment of the impact of electric heat pumps on low voltage distribution networks. *Appl Energy* 2014;**127**:249-66.
  - 24 Dunning T, James K. Complementary therapies in action--education and outcomes. *Complement Ther Nurs Midwifery* 2001;**7**:188-95.
  - 25 Mohades Ardabili F, Purhajari S, Najafi T, Haghani H. The effect of shiatsu massage on pain reduction in burn patients. *World J Plast Surg* 2014;**3**:115-118.